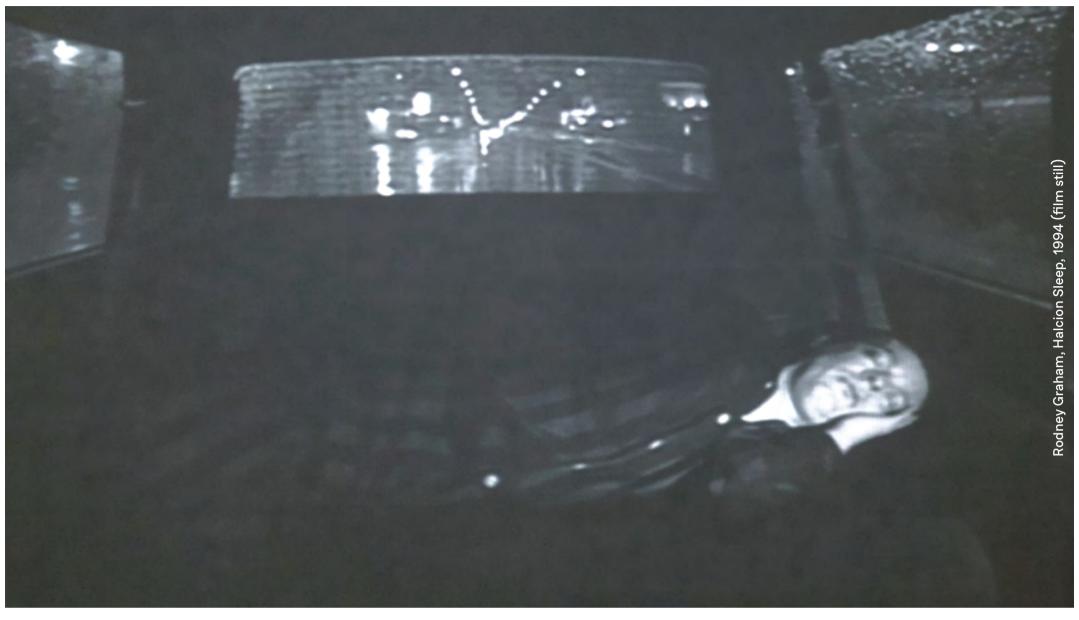
Activist Neuroaesthetics

Sleep and Altered States of Consciousness



Exhibition

With works by Elena Bajo, Katie Grinnan, Karen Lofgren, Tino Sehgal, Jeremy Shaw, Suzanne Treister, Rosemarie Trockel, Klaus Weber, and Sakiko Yamaoka

Sleep and Altered States of Consciousness is the second of three acts in an exhibition-play that unpacks and explores the effects that new technological transformations might have on human consciousness and its various social and cultural expressions and permutations. There is a thin veil that separates the experience of sleep from altered state of consciousness as both sleep and the ingestion of psychoactive substances induce temporary changes in one's normal mental state. This adjacency is ex- As we saw in the first part of this Activist Neuroaespressed in Andrei Tarkovsky's film Solaris (1972) which explores the effects of mass insomnia caused by a 24/7 lit environment that leads to a breakdown of cognitive control characterized by hallucinations and the experience of ghosts. This exhibition also understands how sleep and alternative states of consciousness remain stubbornly aloof from processes of subjectification and commodification defining, as it does, the edge of the next neoliberal frontier. As Jonathan Crary has described in 24/7: Late Capitalism and the Ends of Sleep (2013), "sleep poses the idea of a human need and interval of time that cannot be colonized and harnessed to a massive engine of profitability." Psychoactive drugs take this one

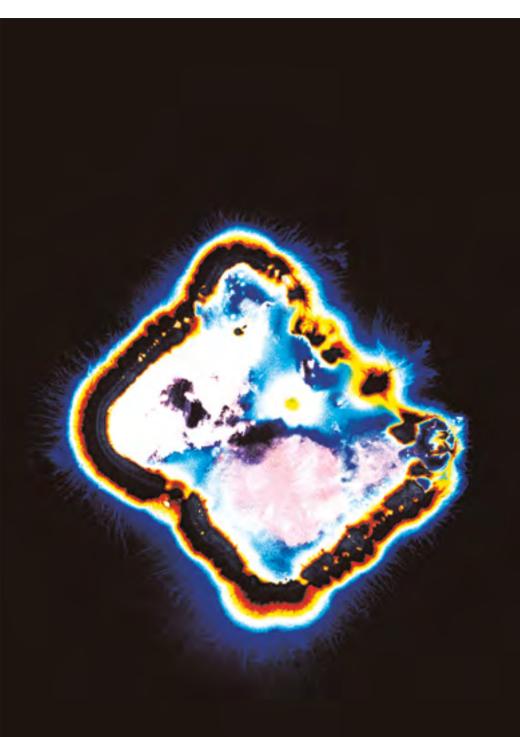
step further by expanding experience and conscious- wide web and its machinic algorithmic intelligence. ness, and, as a result, produce new and sublime Might this system be put in jeopardy by the effects forms beyond capitalism's grasp.

In cognitive capitalism, the brain and mind are the new factories of the 21st century and the neural commons is under assault. One of its key conditions is the amplification of already existing 24/7 markets and their global infrastructure for continuous work and consumption, especially its relation to data production and collection. Through new processes of italism. reification, human beings become linked to these new technological processes of depersonalization and self-administration. For instance, billions of dollars are being spent to research various means to reduce decision-making time and to create virtual environments that engage attention more intensely, as well as to reduce the lost time of useless reflection, all in the name of increasing cognitive surplus labor. This externalization and commoditization, which is the essence of what Shoshana Zuboff calls the Big Other, needs to be understood as the next step on the horizon in a procession towards the commodification of sleep and other alternate states, as well as the coming advancement of a broad range of telepathic techniques of which brain-computer interface technology is just one example.

thetics exhibition, the brain without organs is one apparatus at odds with this future conundrum, and the brain's neural variation and it's neural plasticity form its toolbox. Foundational for this exhibition is the role of psychedelic drugs, especially avahuasca, in estranging and retro-engineering the organization of a sculpted and politicized semiotic brain. In cognitive capitalism, the attention economy is essential to the production of valorization and its neurobiological analogue salience. As such, ayahuasca's newly found popularity might offer a reprieve from the subjugating effects of advanced data surveillance and normalization that depend upon coherent, consistent and natterned interactions with the world consistent and patterned interactions with the world

of drugs that alter perception, produce hallucinations and drive the mind back into self-reflective contemplation? Ayahuasca's effect upon divergent thinking and enhanced mindfulness-related capacities are cases in point that affect our free choices and the production of a future full of chance encounters. Sleep and Altered States of Consciousness reopens the future that has been denigrated in cognitive cap-

"When they think their land is getting spoiled, the white people speak of " pollution." In our language, when sickness spreads relentlessly through the forest, we say that xawara [epidemic fumes] have seized it and that it be2.2



Jeremy Shaw, Unseen Potential (Psilocybe Utopia, a.2), 2020

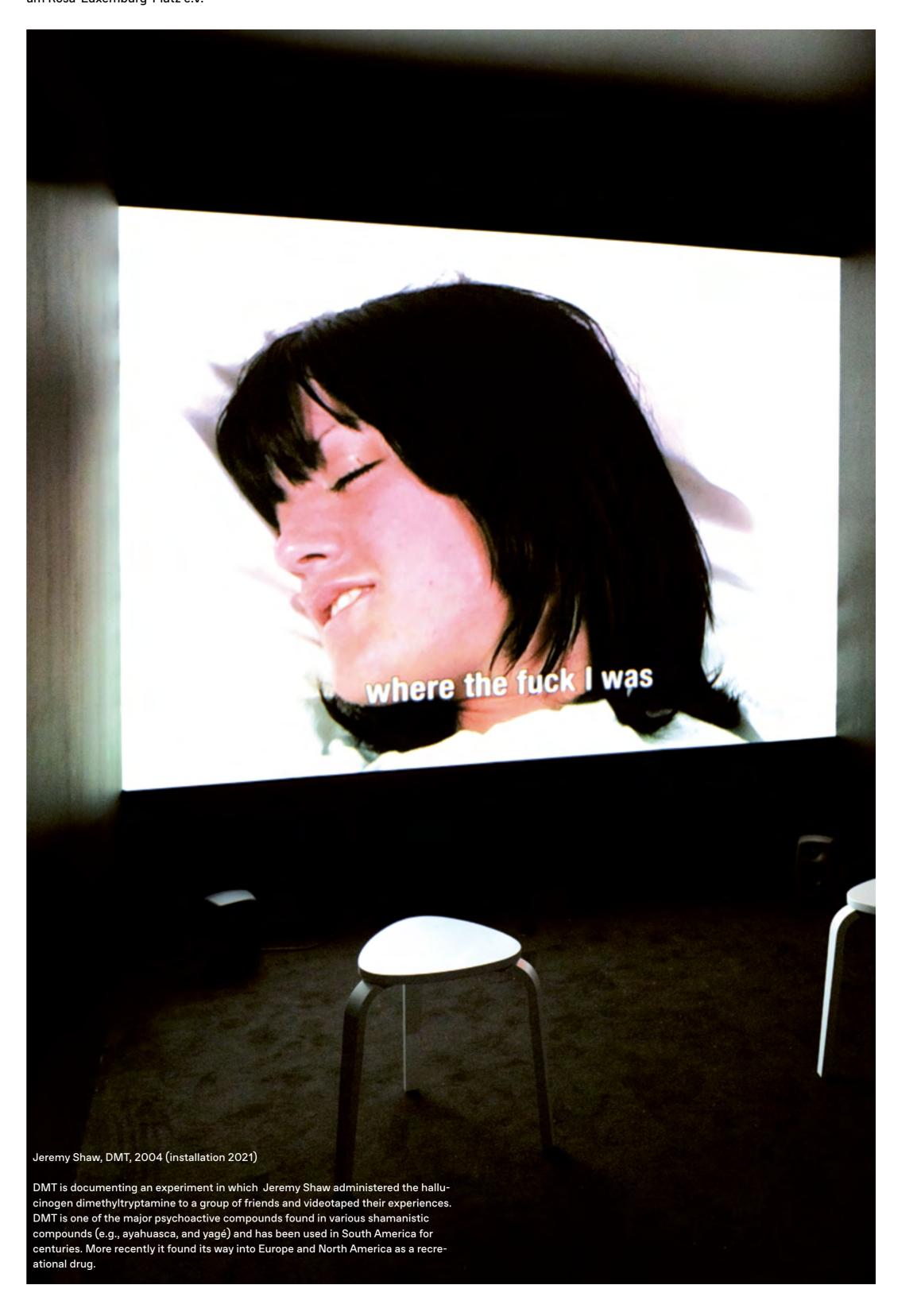
In the Unseen Potential series, Shaw employs the obscure form of Kirlian photography - named after its Russian inventor Semyon Kirlian and used to capture the phenomenon of electrical coronal discharges that naturally occur around objects – considered by some to be their aura. In complete darkness, Shaw places the plant directly on an unexposed piece of Polaroid land-film, situated on the copper plate surface of a Kirlian camera and ignites a high voltage charge through the film and into the plant. The empirical process employed here produces images that fit the cultural lexicon of "the psychedelic" itself.



Tino Sehgal, This Exhibtion, 2004

In the performance an invigilator suddenly and unexpectedly falls to the floor, seemingly struck by some undefinable brain disorder. As if in a trance she or he begins to recite the press release of the show. For 'Sleep and Altered States of Consciousness' Sehgal's early performance is interpreted by three individuals.

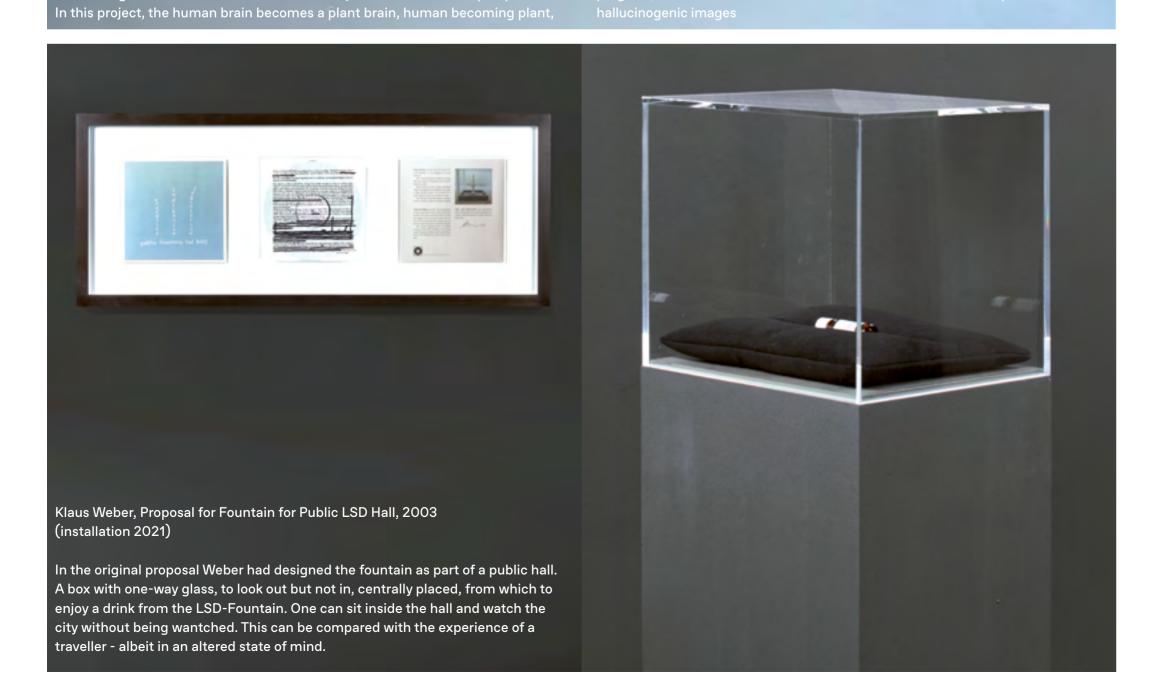




2.4



Curated by Warren Neidich and Susanne Prinz







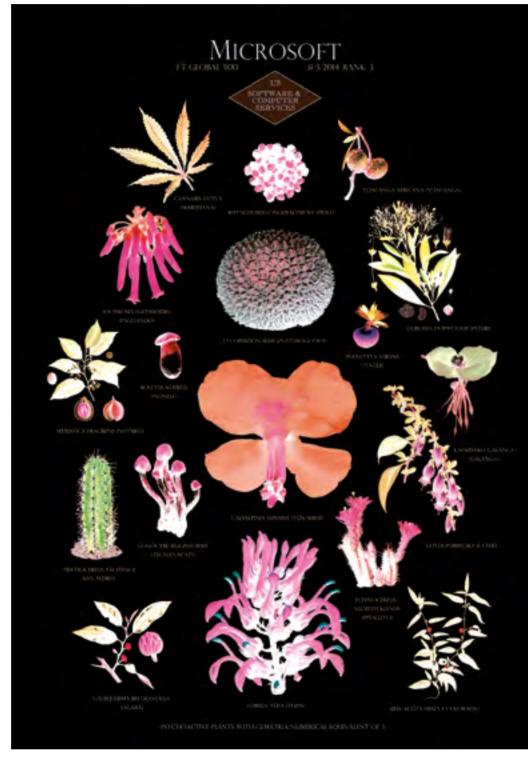
Karen Lofgren, Las alimentadas, 2017-2020 (installation 2021)

Las alimentadas are solid wood pieces that carry the chemical and material traces of transformational rituals. Starting in the Amazon rainforest the artist worked for months on pieces influenced by ayahuasca ritual as well as animist principles that guide everyday life in that region. Carved with a machete out of soaked balsa that had been floating for years in the river, they were brought to the artist's studio in LA, dried, sanded and then 'fed' through their top openings with ayahuasca, mugwort tea, and other psychedelic alkaloid herbals.

Karen Lofgren, The Curse and the Cure (Imperial Ghost), 2018

Copying the leave of a Victoria Amazonica in resin the artist purposefully places the beholder in between empathy and horror by creating a surface that is sculptural as well as resembling dead flesh. Enriching it with antimony powder, wool, mud, blood, and artficial onyx it reminds us of the traditional role of the plant as bearer of curses and means of their cure therewith engaging in a greater dialogue of the Americas from an eco-femenist and decolonial standpoint, looking at the roots and history of oppressed knowledge.

2.6



Suzanne Treister, HFT / Botanical Prints, 2014-15

Was consciousness may be a giant algorithm? And where was the universe in this algorithm? These are fundamental questions for Hillel Fischer Traumberg an HFT from London who inserted the molecular formulae of a hundred or so known and documented psychoactive plants into the codes of his trading algorithms. Later he compiled a gematria chart of all the plants, listing their botanical names alongside the top 20 companies in the FT Global Financial Index. He then programmed the algorithm to collate and transform the shown botanical prints.

"A discourse on drugs in general will always be an ideological discourse, a discourse with no other meaning than that of social control and adherence to a system of values that is neither concerned with knowledge nor with truth. The context of the general discourse on drugs is a political context in the worst sense of politics. A context in which knowledge and science are not tools of discovery, criticism, analysis and truth but simply tools to justify a political position: the power of one group over another; and social control is the vector of this power play. Do we know yet another sense of politics? Are we left, socially, with any other practice of politics? The vast majority of political speeches refer, in one way or another, to "drugs." The question is whether it is time to liberalize or whether the drug device, essentially ideo- logical, is still a necessary instance of social control. And even if there is a different example given each time; of marijuana and its medicinal virtues, or of cocaine and its international cartels, it always refers to the same general idea, that of the drug, which, like Christ, has become a logos of meat and bone." Rafael Castellanos, "Toxicomanias" in Psychotropisms: Drugs, specters and hallucinations for the transformation of the present



Art for sleepers, art by sleepers and art as sleep.

by Shu Lea Cheang and Matthew Fuller

How can we have an aesthetics of sleep?

What does it imply to have an aesthetic relation to the world without being awake? Art, attending to which usually implies being alert, but which also has a long history of working with the everyday, the mundane, the bodily, and the imperceptible or intuitive, is one resource. Equally, how might we rework things that are often outside of art, such as medical processes, or brewing, so that new conditions for sleep arise?

Some approaches:

Duration. Projects that work over a period of time involve variation in waking state and provide a terrain for moving across from wakefulness to sleep, with soundscapes and language to accompany and texture it.

Transposition. Refining everyday activities such as the making and taking of food and drink, the doing of various approaches to exercise and movement, by transposing such activities into an art context.

Instituting. We seek an imagination of what the institution might look like were it to recompose itself in relationship to other kinds of bodily state.

Recording. What archives of sleep can we find in film, books, sound, art? What records are made by and of sleepers? What kinds of archives might be assembled for sleepers, when they are awake, to understand this third of life? We work with sleep science to create an archive of records of sleep made with sensors, graphs, numbers, and so on.

Rethinking. We open the question of the organism up to experiment and enquiry. Sleep can be understood as placing us in a position of vulnerability; which can be something we share with the nonhuman participants in the world and it is a valuable condition from which to think and to act.

This text is an excerpt from the exhibition description for Sleep 79 organized by Shu Lea Cheang and Matthew Fuller at Taiwan Contemporary Culture Lab C-Lab in 2018.

Photo caption: Audrey Tang reading Mozilla Common Voice, SLEEP79 (2018) by Shu Lea Cheang and Matthew Fuller at C-Lab Taiwan

"A revolution in approach to the use of the human brain is said to have begun in 1902 when William James published his work The Varieties of Religious Experience. In this work there appeared sections on 'saintliness' in which James reported an erosion of the boundaries of selfhood, as well as on 'mystical experiences' which had the character of transience, ineffability and most important, of contact with a body of implicit knowledge not accessible within normal states of attention. A later, little known, but extraordinary work was published by Marghanita Laski in 1961, entitled Ecstasy: A Study of some Secular and Religious Experiences, a comprehensive lay survey of reported ecstatic experience from hundreds of subjects, and a compilation of examples from the history of literature. Once the 1960s had kicked in, works treating the subject of non-standard experience began to abound, the most significant ones created by researchers exploring chemistry-induced non-normal states such as Ralph Metzner, Timothy Leary and most impressively by analyst Stanislav Grof. Other notable figures in the field were the psychologist Abraham Maslow whose work on "peak experiences," extraordinary moments in a life during which profound experience of understanding, love, or connected wholeness grip one, gave way to what came to be known as "transpersonal psychology" and around which a school of thought was founded (and remains active today). These works were all principally secular in focus and interest, yet they also directed attention to previously unacknowledged human biological capacities and endowments capable of redistributing social action and meaning in fully radical and cosmic ways." Sanford Kwinter, "Are you experienced?" in Psychotropisms: Drugs, specters and hallucinations for the



Curated by Warren Neidich and Susanne Prinz

24/7: Late Capitalism and the Ends of Sleep

By Jonathan Crary

24/7 is a time of indifference, against which the fra-reshape it. The stunning, inconceivable reality is "I am not so foolish as to equate gility of human life is increasingly inadequate and that nothing of value can be extracted from it. within which sleep has no necessity or inevitability. In relation to labor, it renders plausible, even normal, It should be no surprise that there is an erosion of the idea of working without pause, without limits. It sleep now everywhere given the immensity of what is aligned with what is inanimate, inert, or unageing. is at stake economically. Over the course of the As an advertising exhortation it decrees the abso- twentieth century there were steady inroads made luteness of availability, and hence the ceaselessness against the time of sleep – the average North Amerwhich mainly things were accumulated. Now our hours in the early twentieth century. In the mid bodies and identities assimilate an ever-expanding twentieth century the familiar adage that "we spend to a toxic and often fatal threshold. The long-term omatic certainty, a certainty that continues to be unthe alternative might even indirectly admit the pos- of a premodernity that has never been fully exceedtion. In related ways, 24/7 is inseparable from envi- ing 400 years ago. The scandal of sleep is the emecological integrity depends.

into commodified or financialized forms. Sleep posply a deferred or diminished condition of operationgine of profitability, and thus remains an incongru- never an actual state of rest. ous anomaly and site of crisis in the global present. In spite of all the scientific research in this area, it frustrates and confounds any strategies to exploit or

of needs and their incitement, but also their perpetuican adult now sleeps approximately six and a half al non-fulfillment. The absence of restraints on conhours a night, an erosion from eight hours a generasuming is not temporal. We are long past an era in tion ago, and (hard as it is to believe) down from ten surfeit of services, images, procedures, chemicals, a third of our lives asleep" seemed to have an axisurvival of the individual is always dispensable if dermined. Sleep is a ubiquitous but unseen reminder sibility of interludes with no shopping or its promo- ed, of the agricultural universe which began vanishronmental catastrophe in its declaration of permanent beddedness in our lives of the rhythmic oscillations expenditure, of wastefulness for its sustenance, in of solar light and darkness, activity and rest, of work its terminal disruption of the cycles and on which and recuperation, that have been eradicated or neutralized elsewhere.

In its profound uselessness and intrinsic passivity, Nonetheless, sleep is now an experience cut loose with the incalculable losses it causes in production from notions of necessity or nature. Instead, like so time, circulation, and consumption, sleep will al- much else, it is conceptualized as a variable but ways collide with the demands of a 24/7 universe. managed function that can only be defined instru-The huge portion of our lives that we spend asleep, mentally and physiologically. Recent research has freed from a morass of simulated needs, as one of shown that the number of people who wake themthe great human affronts to the voraciousness of selves up once or more at night to check their mescontemporary capitalism. Sleep is an uncompromis- sages or data is growing exponentially. One seeming interruption of the theft of time from us by capi- ingly inconsequential but prevalent linguistic figure talism. Most of the seemingly irreducible necessi- is the machine-based designation of "sleep mode." ties of human life – hunger, thirst, sexual desire and The notion of an apparatus in a state of low-power recently the need for friendship – have been remade readiness remakes the larger sense of sleep into sim-

es the idea of a human need and interval of time that ality and access. It supersedes an off/on logic, so cannot be colonized and harnessed to a massive en- that nothing is ever fundamentally "off" and there is

> This text is an excerpt from 24/7: Late Capitalism and the Ends of Sleep by Jonathan Crary (London/New York: Verso, 2014).

what happens under the influence of mescaline or of any other drug, prepared or in the future preparable, with the realization of the end and ultimate purpose of human life: Enlightenment, the Beatific Vision. All I am suggesting is that the mescaline experience is what Catholic theologians call "a gratuitous grace," not necessary to salvation but potentially helpful and to be accepted thankfully, if made ruts of ordinary perception, to be shown for a few timeless hours the outer and the inner world, not as they appear to an animal obsessed with survival or to a human being obsessed with words and notions. but as they are apprehended, directly and unconditionally, by Mind at Large—this is an experience of inestimable value to everyone and especially to the intellectual."

Aldous Huxley, The Doors of Perception



Verein zur Förderung von Kunst und Kultur

am Rosa-Luxemburg-Platz e.V.

Ayahuasca and the reencounter with a millenary spirituality

By Florencia Portocarrero

Ayahuasca is a Quechua word whose roots are "aya," which means soul or a dead person, and "huasca," which means rope or vine. Therefore, it could be translated as "vine of the souls" or "vine of the dead." knowledged and honored as part of a dynamic and Its use has spread through almost all the indigenous indivisible whole. While it is the plant that heals and cultures living in the Amazon basin of Peru, Ecua- teaches, the role of the curandero or shaman is to dor, Colombia, Venezuela and Brazil. In addition, in provide the conditions in which this intimate and recent decades its internationalization has begun, profound contact between the plant and the patient thanks both to its medicinal and/or therapeutic use may take place. and its adoption by a series of religious cults - natives of Brazil but with thousands of followers The tool the shaman uses to achieve that are the around the world - based specifically in its ritual and regular use¹.

which results from the lengthy cooking of two Amazonian plants: ayahuasca, which is a vine, and the leaves of a bush known as chacruna. From a strictly lowing something stuck to run again. pharmacological point of view, chacruna, whose ac tive ingredient is DMT², is the awareness-expanding During this process, the purge is very important. element. However, chacruna or ayahuasca taken on The ayahuasca cleansing is integral and enables the their own have negligible psychotropic effects.

Some studies claim that DMT is a substance endogenous to our bodies. That is, it is naturally produced in the bodies of all human beings, and it plays a fundamental role in the visualization of dreams, mystical experiences and near-death experiences. DMT is

existence, but unfortunately it is on the international cidity which heal and lead to self-knowledge. "Comlist of prohibited substances. For that reason, despite pared to psycho-therapy, which is a long-term prothe fact that the use of plants with entheogenic prop- cess, ayahuasca enables you to see everything in a erties has a long tradition as a tool for the explorasingle session." In addition, the word plays a much tion of the human psyche, almost all scientific and less important role, it is not even felt to be necessary. academic investigations have been suspended during. There is a natural understanding that remembering the past thirty years due to the prohibitionist policy is not important, healing does not involve recalling of the United States.

ald Rivera state, the first step towards understanding huasca is not dissociative but integrative."⁷ the legal status of ayahuasca in an international context is to make a categorical distinction between its use as an ancestral medicine and a laboratory-pro- In The Antipodes of the Mind, Benny Shanon argues duced DMT. Ayahuasca is not a drug but a medicine that all of the mental functions which we associate whose beneficial effects are widely proven. In the with the human condition—including memory, case of Peru, it has a tradition of more than 5,000 imagination and language, among others—may years and was recently declared part of that coun- have arisen from interactions with entheogenic try's cultural heritage. The cultural genocide of the plants⁸. Thus, Shanon suggests that the hallucinatory Amazonian peoples due to their evangelization or effects of these plants might have been decisive in enslavement during the rubber boom was not able to our evolutionary leap and that the origin of many, if wipe it out, nor did the recent waves of terrorist vio- not all, of humanity's cultures and religions may lie lence against such groups.⁴

ing with ayahuasca is that it pertains to a cosmology cies to another in order to mediate our relationships or understanding of the universe that recognizes a with the environment. multiplicity of spirits and forces actively intervening in our lives. "To return to the maloca" [the cere- Currently, many practitioners of ayahuasca claim ual but collective creatures, living in a circular time plants which have existed since time immemorial. where the future is always behind us and the present and past ahead of us, with the individual and collective teachings and lessons of the process of an immemorial life."5

In this context, the ritual of ayahuasca plays a fundamental role, since it works as the gateway to re-establishing a sacred relationship with those elemental forces. It is a healing process which reintegrates the (August, 2016). patient into a larger reality and takes place within a holistic process in which the physical, mental, material and spiritual dimensions of life are fully ac-

icaros, chants which show the patient the ways in and out during the trance state. Apart from the *icaros*, the shaman does not speak much: he does not try to Ayahuasca is a powerful psychotropic substance explain or draw lessons or conclude. The ayahuasca experience tends to underline the fact of being alive. Its aim is to restore the patient's equilibrium by al-

> patient to purify the negative feelings stored both in his body and mind. In the ayahuasca experiences there are several stages: very organic moments of

regarded as one of the most powerful entheogens³ in pure sensibility and moments of extraordinary luwhat was experienced, but lies, instead, in the very experience. "There is no loss of awareness. On the Along those lines, and as Alfredo Iturriaga and Ron- contrary, it is a state of expanded awareness.... aya-

in them. In fact, a new way of interpreting these vegetal compounds is to regard them as inter-species One of the main characteristics of indigenous heal- pheromones that spread information from one spe-

monial long house] is the term the indigenous peo- that this medicinal plant might become a catalytic ples of the Amazon, represented by an entity known influence in the awareness shift regarding the world as the Coordinator of the Indigenous Organizations environmental crisis. Furthermore, the COICA inof the Amazon Basin (coicA), employ to explain digenous communities are ever more aware that the their understanding of wellbeing. For them, "to re- suppression of the religious use of psychoactive turn to the *maloca*" means "to recover our ancestral plants is a matter of civil rights and its restriction knowledge and harmonious relationship with the amounts to the repression of a legitimate religious environment. To understand that we are not individ- sensibility, based on relations between men and

> This text is an excerpt from "Thought on Wellbeing in the Contemporary World: A Comparative Approach," by Florencia Portocarrero in Psychotropisms: Drugs, specters and hallucinations for the transformation of the present, published on the occasion of the Psychotropisms seminar organized by Víctor Albarracín and Warren Neidich within the 44th National Salon of Artists in Pereira, Colombia

Benny Shanon, The Antipodes of the Mind: Charting the Phenomenology of the Ayahuasca Experience (Oxford, Oxford University Press, 2002)



The best known ayahuaca churches are: Barquinha, Igreja do Santo Daime and União do Vegetal

N,N-Dimethyltryptamine is a tryptamine alkaloid with an indole nucleus found in many plants and live beings.

Entheogens is a term to describe the properties of some medicinal plants like avahuasca and avoid the connotations found in the words hallucinogen (which is regarded as imprecise and pejorative) or psychedelic (which is too closely linked to the counter-culture of the 1960's).

Alfredo Iturriaga San José & Ronald Rivera Cachique, Ayahuasca: técnica aborigen del autoconocimiento, de la selva su espíritu (Lima: Rumi

Coordinadora Andina de Organizaciones Indígenas (CAOI), Buen Vivir/Vivir Bien: filosofía, políticas, estrategias y experiencias regionales andinas, (Lima, www.minkandina.org: 2010).

The shaman Rawa Muñoz in a conversation with the author





Curated by Warren Neidich and Susanne Prinz

Rosemary Trockel, excerpt from the 1999 catalogue accompanying the installation in the German Pavilion

(Venice) in 1999, text by Lisa Zeiger

Since the original Sleepingpills were lost since their invention in 1999, the exhibition opted for a documentation. "Just as dreams decompose when we wake from them, so the Sleepingpill was an evanescent, three day sleep-in, during which it's changing characters were filmed. ... Trockel designed these prefabricated edifices as prototypes for a new kind of a permanent structure she dreamed of disseminating throughout the urban landscape for every age and social class. The Sleepingpill would provide an utopia for fellow-feeling without the leash of ideology...."

Laboratorium was a contemporary art exhibition airports, and convention centers. But just as dreams held at the former Provinciaal Fotografie Museum fall apart when we wake from them, Trockel's dream (now Fotomuseum Antwerp) in Antwerp, Belgium, of a sleeping structure remains unrealized. For us from 27 June to 3 October 1999. Initiated by Barba- humans, who are naturally interested in unknown ra Vanderlinden and co-curated by Hans-Ulrich things, these unrealized projects have a special aura; Obrist, experiments and laboratories were set up for they refer to a potential for something that we may six months in the museum and at various locations someday achieve. Trockel's work often explores the in the city. One of the participants was the German human body. The artist said that "Sleeping Pill was artist Rosemarie Trockel. Her contribution consist- an illustration of the exhausted, powerless body." ed of an installation entitled Sleeping Pill, a futuristic relaxation suit consisting of a pneumatic white plastic dome about eighteen feet high. The prototype of this new type of sleeping structure was built in April of the same year. The artist had designed it in collaboration with architects Tim Power and Lorenzo Bini, with whom she first tested the idea during a three-day sleep-in in an industrial building on the outskirts of Cologne. In June 1999, Trockel developed a version of the project in a triptych installation for the German Pavilion at the Venice Biennale. The prototype was only shown twice and never realized. It was Trockel's wish to spread this sleeping structure throughout the city – in high streets and malls, department stores, train stations,

June 19-July 17, 2021

Barbara Vanderlinden

"The aim is to balance the terror of being alive with the wonder of being alive."

Syzygy, 2013

Syzygy is an installation composed of sleeping figures seated in positions that resemble those of weary commuters at train and bus stations. Even as they sleep with bent heads, some of the figures clasp at their bags, revealing a degree of restlessness and awareness of surroundings even in a state of near-surrender. In philosophy, the term "syzygy" is used to denote the union of two opposites. In astronomy, it refers to the linear alignment of celestial bodies within a gravitational system. Syzygy is also the name of an artwork familiar to Kallat since art school days—the seminal stop-motion film made by Akbar Padamsee in 1970. Syzygy is among several works by the artist that probe the nature of sleep as a way of receding from the world and the ordered time of a working day—a temporary voyage into an eternal, meditative space that each of us takes to sort through the clutter of our wakeful lives. By Nandini Thilak





by Elisabeth von Samsonow

Delirium and Indignation

Recently, interest in the phenomenon of so-called 'lucid dreams' has been on the rise. A slew of handbooks and scientific articles has explored this type of dream that features one particular anomaly. In lucid dreams, one does not suffer the content, the events of the dream; one is not torn away by strange occurrences. The lucid dreamer steers the dream and—this is the distinctive feature—knows that they are dreaming. Now, this sounds as though we have experienced a renaissance of mantic dreams as compensation for the political subject becoming ordinary. Being able to steer one's own dream not only allows the dreamer to have adventures unthinkable in waking life, such as a garden variety of border-crossings, but also to go through training sessions that have a positive effect on one's performance in waking life. Spreading beyond the ambush that lucid dreamers experience in their dreams and afterward—that is, beyond the thoroughly remarkable quality lucid dreams may have—is a massive intervention into the world of sleep in the form of optimization concepts. Dreams are no longer to be governed by the characteristic semantic break with waking life (in which psychoanalysis specialized), but instead are to be more tightly linked to waking life, directly, with little force, and to share with it the navigational authority over events. Scholars speak of an ability to learn and improve lucid dreaming; one can engage in sports so that one wakes up fitter than before, or practice things one is usually afraid of. The prophetic dimension of lucid dreams has slipped through secular society's fingers, which is why indispensable prerogatives of waking life—fitness, mastery of all situations, flexibility, etc.—intrude into the evacuated zone.

HYPNOS as PROTEST

Why should we care? Because we need to ask why we don't even trust sleep and this specific form of delirium anymore. Sleep and its dreams represent

acts of inner emigration, a slipping-away, a recession, a regression implying a loss of control that shouldn't exist. Frank Maurice Welte discusses how the Gnawa ethnic minority, who migrated from Mali Activist Neuroaesthetics to the Maghreb, compensated their assimilation trauma by establishing trance communities primarily headed by women. Welte's accompanying narrative emphasizes that this delirium emanates from an autonomous authority operating from within, which is to say, an authority that is given divine status and must therefore be obeyed and venerated instantaneously. Welte describes this process as an inward autonomization that wants to heal external subalternity dialectically. One cannot be reached in this altered state, not even by police. In its difference, the internal institution of the trance society threatens the artists and authors external institution. Therefore, it is not only the trance dancers, the possessed (i.e. those who are utterly delirious), who lose control, but also the ones who are awake, those who keep watch, who surveil. Access to the actual going-ons is prohibited for the agencies tasked with surveillance, which is why the sleeper, the dreamer, the obsessed, is protected by their own uncanniness. The sleeper is unreachable, removed, relocated; s/he is not at home and doesn't react to the panoptical surveillance eye. What the surveillance camera records may be the camouflage of a Nothing that could be all kinds of things. Delirium means escaping access, being in a double withdrawal, an auto- and allo-withdrawal. The pairing of police or judiciary and sleeper is particularly interesting. Here, hierarchical or hegemonic structures determine that sleep is forbidden in the face of authority. Systematically induced hypnoses like the ones of the Gnawa are stylized as "institutions," as "authorities" with a distinctly subversive character. The idea of surveillance is shattered by this anti-authority.

This text is an excerpt from "Nobody There. Sleep as Protest," by Elisabeth von Samsonow available in full in English and German online at AOWC

This newspaper is published on the occasion of the exhibition: Part 1—3, curated by Warren Neidich, Susanne Prinz and Jacquelene Drinkall. 1.5.—21.8.21

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